

COURT No.3
ARMED FORCES TRIBUNAL
PRINCIPAL BENCH: NEW DELHI

19

OA 137/2025 with MA 3778/2025

Nk (ACP-1) Jagdish (Retd) & Ors.		Applicant
VERSUS		
Union of India and Ors.		Respondents

For Applicant	:	Mr. Madan Pal Vats, & Abhay Kant, Advocate
For Respondents	:	Mr. Neeraj, Sr CGSC

CORAM

HON'BLE MS. JUSTICE NANDITA DUBEY, MEMBER (J)
HON'BLE LT. GEN. C.P. MOHANTY, MEMBER (A)

ORDER
22.09.2025

MA 3778/2025

Additional documents are taken on record. As per the details provided in the MA, applicant nos. 2 and 4 had applied for premature retirement prior to the cut-off date i.e. 07.11.2015.

2. Learned counsel for the applicants seeks to withdraw the present application with regard to applicant nos. 1, 3, 5 and 6, with liberty to file a fresh application.

3. Considering that applicant nos. 2 and 4 had applied for premature retirement prior to the cut-off date. Accordingly, this application as far as applicant nos. 2 and 4 is allowed. The application with respect to applicant nos. 1, 3, 5 and 6 stands

withdrawn with liberty as prayed for. For rest of the applicants this application is allowed, subject to verification by the respondents, order passed separately.

(JUSTICE NANDITA DUBEY)
MEMBER (J)

(LT. GEN. C.P. MOHANTY)
MEMBER (A)

POOJA/AS

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OA 137/2025

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VERSUS

Union of India and Ors. Respondents

For Applicant : Mr. Madan Pal Vats and
Mr. Abhay Kant Upadhaya, Advocates
For Respondents : Mr. Neeraj, Sr. CGSC

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HON'BLE MS. JUSTICE NANDITA DUBEY, MEMBER (J)
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ORDER
22.09.2025

The applicants vide the present OA make the following
prayers:-

- “(i) Quashing and setting aside the GOI, MOD, DESW (Respondent No. 1), letter dated 20.07.2023 along with disposal orders for the complaint filed online by the applicants [Annexure A 01 (COLLY)] (IMPUNGED LETTER).
(ii) Quashing and setting aside the GOI, MOD, DESW (Respondent No. 1), letter dated 06.06.2017, [Annexure - A -02 (i)] (IMPUNGED LETTER).
(iii) Quashing and setting aside the GOI, MOD, DESW (Respondent No. 1), letter dated 04.01.2023, [Annexure-A - 02 (ii)] (IMPUNGED LETTER).
(iv) Quashing and setting aside the detailed instructions issued by GOI, MoD, DESW (Respondent No. 1), vide their*

letter dated 20.01.2023, [Annexure (IMPUNGED LETTER) A02 (iii)]

(v) Quashing and setting aside the PCDA (Pension) Circular No. 666 dated 20.01.2023 [Annexure-A-02 (iv)] (Colly) (IMPUNGED LETTER).

(vi) Quashing and setting aside the clarifications/instructions given to CGDA by GOI, MoD, DESW, vide their ID No. 1(1)/2019/D(P/P) dated 08.04.2022, [Annexure-A -02 (v)] (IMPUNGED LETTER).

(vii) Quashing and setting aside the GOI, MOD, DESW (Respondent No. 1), vide their letter dated 10.07.2024, [Annexure-A-02 (vi)] (IMPUNGED LETTER).

(viii) Quashing and setting aside the detailed instructions issued by GOI, MOD, DESW (Respondent No. 1), vide their letter dated 04.09.2024, [Annexure (IMPUNGED LETTER) A 02(vii)]

(ix) Quashing and setting aside the PCDA (Pension) Circular Number 677 dated 06.09.2024 [Annexure - A-02(viii)] (IMPUNGED LETTER)

x) Direct the respondents the benefits of first revision of OROP w.e.f. 01 July 2019 and consequential benefits arising therefrom with the interest @ 12% on the arrears till realization of the actual payment.

(xi) Call for records pertaining to letter No. 1(1)/2019/D (Pen/Pol) dated 04 Jan 2023 and 20 Jan 2023.

(xii) Call for records pertaining to letter No. 1(2)/2023/D(Pen/Pol) dated 10.07.2024 and 04.09.2024.

(xiii) Call for records pertaining to letter No. 12(1)/2014/D (Pen/Pol)-Part-11 dated 07.11.2015 and dated 06.06.2017.

(xiv) Pass any other or further order(s) as may be deem fit and proper, in favor of the applicants.

(xv) To award the cost of the original application to the applicants.”

2. In MA 3778/2025, with respect to the applicant no. 1 Naik (ACP-1) Jagdish (Retd.) No. 03192422-A, applicant no. 3 Hav Amar Singh (Retd.) No. 03189732-A, applicant no. 5 Naik (ACP-1) Sandeep Kumar (Retd.) No. 03194629-Y and applicant no. 6 Naik Takdir Singh (Retd.) No. 03196269-M who had applied for Premature Retirement

after the cut off date of 07.11.2015, it is submitted that his prayer for withdrawal of this application is allowed, with liberty to file a fresh application with regard to applicant nos. 1, 3, 5 and 6 only.

3. After the withdrawal by the applicant nos. 1, 3, 5 and 6 this OA is considered qua the applicant nos. 2 and 4. The following applicant nos. 2 and 4 submitted their discharge applications prior to the cut off date (07.11.2015) seeking the benefits of OROP and consequential benefits arising therefore with applicable interest on arrears till the realization of actual payment as per Policy letter no. 12(1)/2014/D(Pen/Pol)-Part II dated 07.11.2015 and were enrolled in the Indian Army as detailed below :-

S No	Service Particulars	Date of Joining	Date of Discharge	Length of Service	Date of application for PMR
1	No. 03190320-L Hav Guru Dayal (Retd.) Applicant No. 2	01.02.1997	31.08.2016	19 Years, 06 Months and 18 Days	29.10.2014
2	No. 03188118-Y Hav Ram Prakash Singh (Retd.) Applicant No. 4	02.02.1995	31.08.2016	21 Years, 06 Months and 27 Days	01.01.2015

4. Their claim for the grant of OROP benefits was denied on the ground that benefits of OROP are not applicable for premature retirees who got premature retirement w.e.f. 01.07.2014.

5. The applicants have placed reliance on the order dated 31.01.2025 in OA 313/2022 of the AFT (PB) New Delhi in ***Cdr Gaurav Mehra vs Union of India*** and other connected cases to submit to the effect that they are entitled to the grant of the OROP benefits.

6. In view of the factum that vide order dated 15.04.2025 in RA 9/2025 in OA 426/2023 the matter has been kept in abeyance in relation to only those applicants, who have filed applications for premature retirement after 06.11.2015. The applicants herein who had sought premature voluntary retirement and was even discharged before the date 06.11.2015, will not be affected by the same and is apparently entitled to the grant of the OROP benefits in terms of the order dated 31.01.2025 in OA 313/2022.

7. Apparently, the applicants who filed applications for premature retirement or were discharged from service prior to the date 07.11.2015 on the basis of their having sought premature retirement are entitled to the grant of the OROP benefits and the matter is no longer in issue in view of observations in paragraphs 83 and 84 in OA 313/2022 of the AFT (PB) New Delhi in ***Cdr Gaurav Mehra vs Union of India*** and other connected cases, which read to the effect:-

"83. Pensioners form a common category as indicated in detail hereinabove. PMR personnel who qualify for pension are also included in this general category. The pension regulations and rules applicable to PMR personnel who qualify for pension are similar to that of a regular pensioner retiring on

superannuation or on conclusion of his terms of appointment. However, now by applying the policy dated 07.11.2015 with a stipulation henceforth, the prospective application would mean that a right created to PMR pensioner, prior to the issue of impugned policy is taken away in the matter of grant of benefit of OROP. This will result in, a vested right available to a PMR personnel to receive pension at par with a regular pensioner, being taken away in the course of implementation of the OROP scheme as per impugned policy. Apart from creating a differentiation in a homogeneous class, taking away of this vested right available to a PMR personnel, violates mandate of the law laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in various cases i.e. *Ex-Major N.C. Singhal vs. Director General Armed Forces Medical Services* (1972) 4 SCC 765, *Ex. Capt. K.C. Arora and Another Vs. State of Haryana and Others* (1984) 3 SCC 281 and this also makes the action of the respondents unsustainable in law.

84. Even if for the sake of argument it is taken note of that there were some difference between the aforesaid categories, but the personnel who opted for PMR forming a homogenous class; and once it is found that every person in the Army, Navy and the Air Force who seeks PMR forms a homogenous category in the matter of granting benefit of OROP, for such personnel no policy can be formulated which creates differentiation in this homogeneous class based on the date and time of their seeking PMR. The policy in question impugned before us infact bifurcates the PMR personnel into three categories; viz pre 01.07.2014 personnel, those personnel who took PMR between 01.07.2014 and 06.11.2015 and personnel who took PMR on or after 07.11.2015. Merely based on the dates as indicated hereinabove, differentiating in the same category of PMR personnel without any just cause or reason and without establishing any nexus as to for what purpose it had been done, we have no hesitation in holding that this amounts to violating the rights available to the PMR personnel under Articles 14 and 16 of the Constitution as well as hit by the principles of law laid down by the Supreme Court in the matter of fixing the cut off date and creating differentiation in a homogeneous class in terms of the judgment of *D.S. Nakara (supra)* and the law consistently laid down thereafter and, therefore, we hold that the provisions contained in para 4 of the policy letter dated 07.11.2015 is discriminatory in nature, violates Article 14 of

the Constitution and, therefore, is unsustainable in law and cannot be implemented and we strike it down and direct that in the matter of grant of OROP benefit to PMR personnel, they be treated uniformly and the benefit of the scheme of OROP be granted to them without any discrimination in the matter of extending the benefit to certain persons only and excluding others like the applicants on the basis of fixing cut off dates as indicated in this order. The OAs are allowed and disposed of without any order as to costs.”,-

read with order dated 15.04.2025 in RA 9 of 2025 in OA 426 of 2023 with observations in para 6 which read to the effect:-

“6. With respect to the classification of the original applicants into three categories, we are of the considered view that the issue for review is relevant only to categories (b) and (c). For applicants in category (b), those who applied for the PMR between 01.07.2014 to 06.11.2015, the principles advanced by the learned Assistant Solicitor General will not apply considering the prospective nature of the memorandum dated 07.11.2015. Therefore, the prayer for review concerning these original applicants i.e., Cat (B) stands rejected.

6(A). For the original applicants who applied for the PMR after the policy dated 07.11.2015 came into effect (category c), the non-applicants (UoI) are directed to serve notice through the respective counsels who represented them in the original application. If the counsel who appeared in the original OAs accepts notice on behalf of the said original applicants, service may be considered complete. In case any counsel does not accept notice, notice to such original applicants be served by speed post. After service the original applicants shall have four weeks to file any reply or objections to the RA, through their counsel if so advised.”
(emphasis supplied)

8. Further, in view of the law laid down by the Hon’ble Supreme Court in *Lt Col Suprita Chandel vs Union of India and Ors* (Civil Appeal No. 1943 of 2022) vide Paras 14 and 15 thereof to the effect:-

"14. It is a well settled principle of law that where a citizen aggrieved by an action of the government department has approached the court and obtained a declaration of law in his/her favour, others similarly situated ought to be extended the benefit without the need for them to go to court. [See Amrit Lal Berry vs. Collector of Central Excise, New Delhi and Others, (1975) 4 SCC 714]

15. In K.I. Shephard and Others vs. Union of India and Others, (1987) 4 SCC 431, this Court while reinforcing the above principle held as under:-

"19. The writ petitions and the appeals must succeed. We set aside the impugned judgments of the Single Judge and Division Bench of the Kerala High Court and direct that each of the three transferee banks should take over the excluded employees on the same terms and conditions of employment under the respective banking companies prior to amalgamation. The employees would be entitled to the benefit of continuity of service for all purposes including salary and perks throughout the period. We leave it open to the transferee banks to take such action as they consider proper against these employees in accordance with law. Some of the excluded employees have not come to court. There is no justification to penalise them for not having litigated. They too shall be entitled to the same benefits as the petitioners."

(emphasis Supplied)

In view of the aforesaid, the applicants are entitled to the grant of the relief as prayed.

9. In view thereof, subject to verification of the date and nature of discharge of the applicant nos. 2 and 4 except applicant nos. 1, 3, 5 and 6 the respondents are accordingly directed to extend the benefits of OROP to the applicant nos. 2 and 4 only.

10. The OA 137/2025 is thus allowed.

(JUSTICE NANDITA DUBEY)
MEMBER (J)

(LT GEN C. P. MOHANTY)
MEMBER (A)

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